Python: a faster way to solve non-trivial problems

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whoami

Programmer for 20 years

- C++
- Java
- Python
- Javascript

Builder of successful (and failed) products

Founder of companies

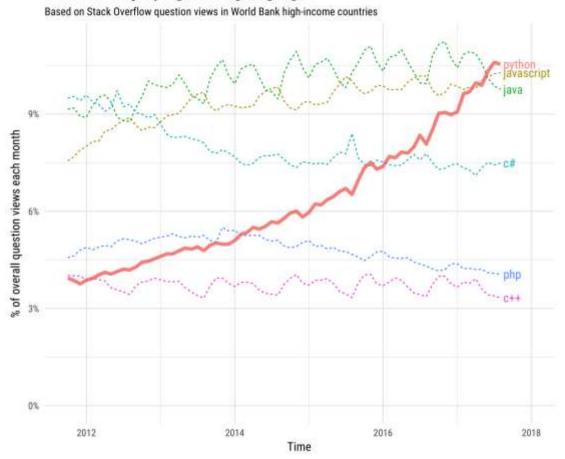
(Also amateur squash player)

Language of the fourth industrial wave.

Language of the fourth industrial wave.

Because it is very popular and its popularity is increasing.

Growth of major programming languages



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Because it is very popular and its popularity is increasing.

Because it is practised by contributors in both industrial and scientific communities.

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Because it is practised by contributors in both industrial and scientific communities.

Because it is easy to understand.

Because there is very little syntax to learn

Python allows you to solve non-

trivial problems faster



The Vehicle Routing Problem (VRP)

How to minimize the time (or distance) required to visit a set of locations given that:

Vehicles have unlimited capacity

There may be multiple vehicles

Vehicles depart from one depot

Visit each location once only

Come back to the depot

Input

Locations: [0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9]

Vehicles: 3 *Distances:* $[0\rightarrow1=4, 0\rightarrow2=5, 2\rightarrow3=7 \text{ etc}]$

• • • •

Assume 0th location is the depot Find all partitions of size k for the input set where k is the number of vehicles Minimize the route for each subset in each partition Find the partition with the smallest cost

• • • •

Output

Optimal route: [[0,7,2], [0,3,5,9], [0,4,1,8,6]]

Optimal time: 72.3 minutes



Inputs

ld	Address	Lat	Lon
0	Al-Hussain Road: Lahore, Pakistan	31.4669244	74.25186409999999
1	Lahore, Pakistan	31.3743935	74.17818310000001
2	Sheeba Park, Y Block Market, DHA Phase 3. Lahore, Pakistan	31.47498589999999	74.3770639
3	13 Main Boulevard Allama Iqbal Town Lahore 54000, Pakistan	31.5197581	74.29066159999999
4	89-B, Jail Rd، Lahore, Pakistan	31.5386987	74.3369092
5	M.M. Alam Road, Block B2. Lahore 54660, Pakistan	31.5111079	74.3509436
6	63 Main Gulberg Lahore, Pakistan	31.5274972	74.3493996999999
7	Plot #14 and Plot #15, Hadayatullah Block, Mustafa Town, Wahdat Road- Lahore, Pakistan	31.4984994	74.2737308
Ω	22-Dhaca II Cout Employees Cooperative Housing Society Ltd. Model Town, Link Doad, Labora 54600. Dakistan	21 /662661	7/ 215672/0000000

start	end	distance	duration
0	1	17.79	32.80
0	2	17.29	34.83
0	3	9.76	22.00
0	4	13.69	23.82
_	_		

The Pythonic Solution

6

functions

26

lines of (non-spaghetti) code using core libraries

50

seconds running time

3

hours coding time

https://github.com/ybashir/vrpfun

```
return distances[x][y]
4 def route length(route):
    return sum(distance(route[i], route[i - 1]) for i, v in enumerate(route))
7 def all routes(seq):
    return [[seq[0]] + list(rest) for rest in itertools.permutations(seq[1:])]
10 def all_partitions(collection):
    if len(collection) == 1:
     yield [collection]
13
     return
    first = collection[0]
14
    for smaller in all_partitions(collection[1:]):
15.
      for n, subset in enumerate(smaller):
16
        yield smaller[:n] + [[first] + subset] + smaller[n + 1:]
      yield [[first]] + smaller
18
19
20 def k_partitions_with_shortest_routes(ids, k=3):
    for p in filter(lambda x: len(x) == k, all partitions(ids[1:])):
      yield [min(all_routes([ids[0]] + q), key=route_length) for q in p]
23
24-def shortest partition(ids, k=3):
    return min(k_partitions_with_shortest_routes(ids, k),
25
                key=lambda x: max(route_length(x[i]) for i in range(k)))
```

1 def distance(x, y):

```
Python
         1 def route_length(route):
               return sum(distance(route[i], route[i - 1]) for i, v in enumerate(route))
         >>> route_length([0,3,5,2])
         134.85
Java
            private float routeLength(List<Integer> route) {
                float sum = 0.0f:
                for (int i = 1; i < route.size(); i++) {</pre>
                    sum += getDistance(route.get(i), route.get(i - 1));
         5 A
                sum += getDistance(route.get(0), route.get(route.size() - 1));
         6
                return sum;
         84 }
             fun routeLength(route: List<Int>): Double {
                var sum = 0.0
```

```
fun routeLength(route: List<Int>): Double {
   var sum = 0.0
   for (i in 1 until route.size)
       sum += distance(route[i], route[i - 1])
   sum += distance(route[0], route[route.size - 1])
   return sum
}
```

```
return [[seq[0]] + list(rest) for rest in itertools.permutations(seq[1:])]
          >>> all routes([0,3,5,2])
          [[0, 3, 5, 2], [0, 3, 2, 5], [0, 5, 3, 2], [0, 5, 2, 3], [0, 2, 3, 5], [0, 2, 5, 3]]
             private List<List<Integer>> allRoutes(List<Integer> seq) {
Java
                 Integer depot = seq.get(0);
                 List<List<Integer>> allPossibleRoutes = new ArrayList<>();
                 Collection<List<Integer>>> permutations = Collections2.permutations(seq.subList(1, seq.size()));
                 for (List<Integer> permutation : permutations) {
                     List<Integer> route = new ArrayList<>();
                     route.add(depot);
                     route.addAll(permutation);
                     allPossibleRoutes.add(route):
                 return allPossibleRoutes;
         12 4
Kotlin
              fun allRoutes(original: ArrayList<Int>): ArrayList<ArrayList<Int>> {
                 if (original.size < 2) {
                     return arrayListOf(original)
                 } else {
                     val firstElement = original.removeAt(0)
                     return permutations(original).map {
                         it.add(0, firstElement)
                         return@map it
```

1 def all_routes(seq):

} as ArrayList<ArrayList<Int>>>

Python

9

```
def all partitions(collection):
                                                                                                                       int[] array = inputList.stream().mapToInt(i -> 1).toArray();
                                                                                                                       int[][][] partitionArrays = getAllPartitions(array);
        if len(collection) == 1:
                                                                                                                       Listedist-ListeIntegersos partitionsList * new ArrayListe();
                                                                                                                       for (int[][] partition : partitionArrays) (
           vield [collection]
                                                                                                                          List-List-Integer-- partitionSets = new ArrayList--();
                                                                                                                           for (intil set : partition) {
           return
                                                                                                                              List (Integer = singleSet = Ints.asList(set):
        first = collection[0]
                                                                                                                              partitionSets.add(singleSet);
        for smaller in all partitions(collection[1:]):
                                                                                                                           partitionsList.add(partitionSets);
           for n, subset in enumerate(smaller):
                                                                                                                       return pertitionsList:
               vield smaller[:n] + [[first] + subset] + smaller[n + 1:]
                                                                                                                   private static ant [] [] [] getAllPartitions(int[] array) throws Exception (
                                                                                                                       int[][][] res = new int[0][][];
           vield [[first]] + smaller
                                                                                                                       int n = 1;
                                                                                                                       for (int i = 0; i < array.length; i++) {
                                                                                                                          n == 21
                                                                                                                       for (int i = 1; 1 < n; 1 += 2) (
>>> for p in (all_partitions([0,3,5,2])):
                                                                                                                          boolean[] contains - new boolean[array.length];
                                                                                                                          int length - b;
           print(p)
                                                                                                                           LBT K = 51
                                                                                                                           for (int j = B; j < array, length; j++) (
                                                                                                                              contains[1] = k * 2 == 1;
                                                                                                                              Length += k % 2;
[[0, 3, 5, 2]]
                                                                                                                              k /= 2:
 [[0], [3, 5, 2]]
                                                                                                                           int[] firstPart = new int[length];
                                                                                                                           int[] secondPart = new int[array.length - length];
[[0, 3], [5, 2]]
                                                                                                                          int p = 8;
                                                                                                                           int q = 0;
 [[3], [0, 5, 2]]
                                                                                                                           for (int ] = 0; j < array.length; j++) {
                                                                                                                              if (contains[1]) {
 [[0], [3], [5, 2]]
                                                                                                                                 firstPart(p++) = array[i];
[[0, 3, 5], [2]]
                                                                                                                                 secondPart[q++] = array[j];
[[3, 5], [0, 2]]
                                                                                                                           int[][][] partitions;
[[0], [3, 5], [2]]
                                                                                                                          if (length == array.length) +
                                                                                                                              partitions = new int[][][] {(firstPart));
 [[0, 5], [3, 2]]
                                                                                                                          } else {
                                                                                                                              partitions = getAllPartitions(secondPart);
 [[5], [0, 3, 2]]
                                                                                                                              for [int j = 8; j = partitions.length; j++] {
                                                                                                                                 Int[][] partition = new int[partitions[j].length = 1][];
 [[0], [5], [3, 2]]
                                                                                                                                 partition[0] = firstPart;
                                                                                                                                 System arraycopy(partitions(j), 0, partition, 1, partitions(j).length);
 [[0, 3], [5], [2]]
                                                                                                                                 partitions[j] = partition;
 [[3], [0, 5], [2]]
                                                                                                                          int[][][] newRes = new int[res.length = partitions.length][][];
 [[3], [5], [0, 2]]
                                                                                                                          System.arraycopy(res, B, newRes, 0, res.length);
                                                                                                                          System.arraycopy(partitions, 0, newRes, res.length, partitions.length);
 [[0], [3], [5], [2]]
                                                                                                                           res = newRes;
                                                                                                                       return res;
https://stackoverflow.com/guestions/19368375/set-partitions-in-python
```

public static List<List<List<Integer>>>> getAllPartitions(List<Integer>> inputList) throws Exception (

```
def k_partitions_with_shortest_routes(ids, k=3):
    for p in filter(lambda x: len(x) == k, all_partitions(ids[1:])):
        yield [min(all_routes([ids[0]] + q), key=route_length) for q in p]

>>> for p in k_partitions_with_shortest_routes([0,3,5,2],k=2):
        print(p)
...

[[0, 3], [0, 5, 2]]
[[0, 3, 5], [0, 2]]
[[0, 5], [0, 3, 2]]
```

```
key=lambda x: max(route_length(x[i]) for i in range(k)))
>>> shortest_partition([0,3,5,2],k=2)
```

return min(k_partitions_with_shortest_routes(ids, k),

24-def shortest partition(ids, k=3):

25

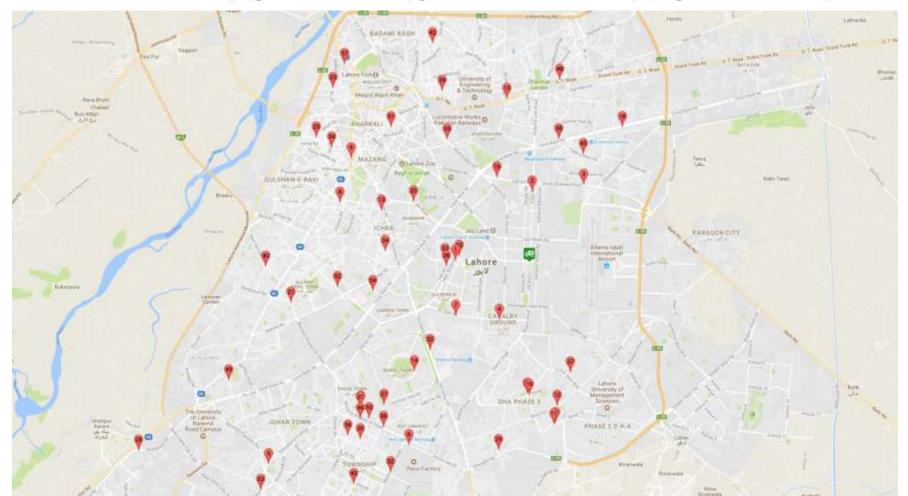
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```

1 def distance(x, y):

	Python (PyPy)	Java	Kotlin
Execution time	50 secs	25 secs	19 secs
Coding time	3 hours	12 hours	8 hours
Lines of code	30	150+	100
Memory footprint	136M	346M	887 MB

>>> draw_map(get_locations('gourmets in lahore'),[],'gourmet.html')



Thank you

Special thanks to:

Aitzaz Mumtaz Khan (for contributing java code)

https://github.com/aitzaz/vehicle_routing_problem

Shahroz Khan (for contributing Kotlin code)

https://github.com/Shahroz16/VRP